

sakarar[®] D

WHOLE WHEAT



Contains 0.05g/kg (0.005%w/w) difenacoum

A READY-TO-USE BAIT FOR THE CONTROL OF RATS AND MICE.

Sakarar D is a ready-to-use rodenticide grain bait for the control of mice (*Mus musculus/domesticus*), brown rats (*Rattus norvegicus*) and black rats (*Rattus rattus*) including strains resistant to other anticoagulants. Sakarar D is for use only in and around buildings and in sewers. For professional use only.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

Place Sakarar D baits throughout the infested area in tamper-proof bait boxes or at covered bait points. The prevention of access by non-target animals is a priority. Baits must be securely deposited in a way so as to minimise the risk of consumption by other animals or children. Where possible, secure baits so that they cannot be dragged away. The product must never be placed indiscriminately.

Rodent death will occur 4-10 days after ingestion of a lethal dose which may take two or more feeds.

Baiting for Rats and Mice

Species	Situation	Application rate for each bait point	Recommended frequency of revisiting
Mice	Domestic, commercial, agricultural	Up to 30g every 1-2 meters	Frequently over first 10-days and regularly as consumption continues.
Rats	Domestic, commercial, agricultural	Up to 200g every 10 meters	Frequently over first 10-days and regularly as consumption continues.
	In sewers	Up to 200g per bait point	Frequently over first 10-days.

Inspect baits regularly and replace eaten or contaminated bait. If a bait point is completely consumed, increase the amount of bait.

Search for and remove dead rodents at frequent intervals during treatment (unless used in sewers), at least as often as when baits are checked and/or replenished. Daily inspection may be required in some circumstances.

Dispose of dead rodents and unused bait as described in the 'Storage and Disposal' section.

The resistance status of the target population should be taken into account when considering the choice of rodenticide to be used. In those areas where evidence of resistance to specific active substances is suspected, avoid their use. To control the spread of resistance, it is advisable to alternate baits containing different anticoagulant active substances.

Unless under the supervision of a pest control operator or other competent person, do not use anticoagulant rodenticides as permanent baits. In most cases, anticoagulant bait should have achieved control within 35 days. Should activity continue beyond this time, the likely cause should be determined.

The product contains Bitrex™ to help prevent accidental human consumption.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Keep locked up and out of the reach of children

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke

Wear suitable gloves

If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

When loading product into bait points, a scoop should be used. When decanting product into smaller containers wear suitable respiratory protective equipment (disposable filtering face piece respirator to at least EN149 FFP2 or equivalent). Always attach labels to any containers used to carry bait decanted from this pack.

Wear suitable protective gloves when handling the product. Gloves are also recommended to help protect against rodent-borne diseases.

Prevent access to bait by children, birds and non-target animals (particularly dogs, cats, pigs and poultry).

When tamper-resistant bait stations are used, they should be clearly marked to show that they contain rodenticides and that they should not be disturbed.

When the product is being used in public areas and tamper-resistant bait stations are not used, the areas treated must be marked during the treatment period and a notice explaining the risk of primary or secondary poisoning by the anticoagulant as well as indicating the first aid measures to be taken in case of poisoning must be made available alongside the baits.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in original container, tightly closed.

Keep in a cool, dry, well ventilated place away from products with an odour. Shelf-life of up to 36 months.

Do not reuse the container for any other purpose. Dispose of dead rodents in accordance with local requirements. In the UK, poisoned rodents should be disposed of at a suitably permitted incinerator, landfill or burial site by the waste producer or a registered waste carrier. For further information on disposal contact the Environment Agency (<http://www.environment-agency.gov.uk/>) or SEPA (<http://www.sepa.org.uk/>).

Remove all baits after treatment and dispose of them in accordance with local requirements.

Waste bait should be hazard-assessed to confirm the classification status. Contact supplier for advice. For information on disposal contact the Environment Agency (<http://www.environment-agency.gov.uk/>) or SEPA (<http://www.sepa.org.uk/>).

FIRST AID

Difenacoum is an anticoagulant which may produce bleeding; the onset of bleeding may be delayed for several days after exposure. In case of emergency, call a doctor immediately for treatment advice. UK medical professionals should contact the National Poisons Information Service (www.npis.org) for further advice.

In case of a pet emergency contact your vet immediately.

Antidote : Vitamin K1 (under medical supervision).

Authorisation number: UK-2012-0301

Expiry date: 36 months after manufacture

Bitrex is a registered Trade Mark of MacFarlan Smith, Edinburgh.

Authorisation holder: BASF plc, P.O. Box 4, Earl Rd., Cheadle Hulme, Cheadle, Cheshire, SK8 6QG.
Marketing Company: Killgerm Chemicals Limited, P.O. Box 2, Ossett, West Yorkshire, WF5 9NA, UK.

Contents: 20kg

Label Ref: 06/13 Batch No and D.O.M:

Killgerm Chemicals Ltd., P.O. Box 2, Ossett, W. Yorks. WF5 9NA.

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